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TERMINAL AND SERVER FOR MOBILE TERMINAL POSITIONING SYSTEM

TERMINAL AND SERVER FOR MOBILE
TERMINAL POSITIONING SYSTEM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is related to a portable terminal having a position detecting function, a location calculating server apparatus having a position detecting function, and a service provider's server apparatus for providing information in response to a location of a portable terminal.

As one of information communication services with employment of mobile terminals, information may be 10 provided in response to positions, or locations of these portable terminals. Specifically, information as to restaurants located in the vicinity of these mobile terminals may be provided, a time table of a station located at the nearest position with respect to a 15 mobile terminal may be displayed, and a navigation service up to a destination place may be provided.

As such a position detecting method executed by way of a mobile terminal, JP-A-7-181242 (laid-open on July 21, 1995) describes the position detecting 20 apparatus with employment of the cellular wireless base In this position detecting apparatus, a mobile terminal firstly receives the signals which are transmitted from a plurality of wireless base stations. Then, the position detecting apparatus calculates a

25 distance between the wireless base station and the mobile terminal based upon propagation delay of the signals so as to detect the position of the mobile terminal. A remarkable improvement is made in such position detecting techniques with employment of wireless base stations. The article "Positioning Cellular Phone without GPS" on page 1 of The Nikkei Business Daily issued on March 16, 2000 describes that the error in the position detecting operation may be limited into a range of 10 meters.

Also, another method for detecting a position of a mobile terminal has been proposed, while a GPS receiver is built in this mobile terminal, and GPS electromagnetic waves transmitted from the GPS satellites are used. In this case, the mobile terminal firstly receives the GPS signals transmitted from a plurality of GPS satellites. This mobile terminal calculates both coordinate values of these satellites and propagation delay of the GPS signals based upon both orbit information and transmission time

20 information of the satellites, which are contained in the received GPS signals. The position of this mobile terminal can be detected based on the above-calculated

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

25 Conventional mobile terminals having the above-described position detecting functions have been designed in such a manner that these mobile terminals

coordinate values and propagation delay.

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may continuously detect the positions, or the locations of the own mobile terminals in high accuracy. However, these conventional mobile terminals do not own such a function capable of intentionally adjusting, or controlling positioning accuracy. As a consequence, it is practically difficult to change position detecting methods in accordance with required accuracy, while an attention is paid to utility of positional information. As a result, a first problem may occur. That is, while a provision of information made based upon a present position of a mobile terminal is accepted, in such a case that a detection error contained in a position detection result may give a small adverse influence to the provided information, one conventional position detecting method cannot be changed into such a simple position detecting method having a light load. instance, when information as to movie theaters located within a circular range of 10 km is required while a present position of a mobile terminal is positioned as a center, there is no large difference between a content of positional information provided in the case that a position detecting operation is performed in such accuracy that a detection error is set to 50 meters, and a content of positional information provided in the case that a position detecting operation is carried out in such accuracy that a detection error is set to 100 meters. Under such a

circumstance, if a position detecting method can be

changed within such a range where there is no adverse influence in the provided positional information, then loads given to mobile terminals can be reduced and also power consumption thereof can be reduced, which may improve utility of users who use mobile terminals.

Also, as a second problem, the following difficulty may exist. That is, since such a conventional position detecting method can be made simpler, if necessary, a time duration required to detect a present position of a mobile terminal cannot be shortened, but also waiting time for a user of this mobile terminal cannot be reduced.

Furthermore, since time required to detect present positions is always constant in conventional 15 mobile terminals, time periods during which position detecting operations are carried out are identical to each other irrespective of moving speeds of users of these conventional mobile terminals. However, position detecting time periods suitable for detecting present 20 positions of these conventional mobile terminals will differ to each other, depending upon conditions of these mobile terminals. For example, in the case that an owner of a mobile terminal takes a train to be transported in a high speed, a positional change per 25 one measuring time may become large, as compared with a positional change per one measuring time in such a case that this terminal owner is moved at the normal speed. As a result, a real-time characteristic of displaying

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of present positions of this mobile terminal may be improved if the time period for detecting the present positions of the mobile terminal is shortened so as to frequently detect these present position of this mobile terminal. Under such a circumstance, as a third problem, the following difficulty may exist. That is, for example, in such a case that an owner of a conventional mobile terminal is moved in a high speed, the real-time characteristic of the information as to the present positions of the conventional mobile terminals cannot be improved by changing the position detecting time duration in correspondence with this moving speed. With respect to such a mobile terminal which is moved in a high speed, if present positions of this mobile terminal are displayed by employing such a map whose range is made wider than the normal-ranged map, then the present positions of this mobile terminal can be readily grasped while reducing a total switching number of the normal-ranged maps. In this wide-ranged map case, even when positioning accuracy is not so high, these is a small adverse influence given to the results displayed on this wide-ranged map. As apparent from the foregoing descriptions, if the time duration for detecting the present position may be shortened and furthermore accuracy of the position detecting operation may be suppressed lower than the normal accuracy, then the real-time characteristic of the positional information of the mobile terminal could be

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improved without increasing the work load given to this mobile terminal.

In accordance with an aspect of the present invention, a means for solving both the first problem and the second problem may be realized by such a server apparatus which is equipped with both a function capable of changing a position detecting method in response to positioning accuracy which is instructed, and also, another function capable of instructing positioning accuracy with respect to a mobile terminal.

In accordance with another aspect of the present invention, a means for solving the third aspect of the present invention may be realized by both a mobile terminal which is equipped with a function capable of setting positioning accuracy and also a function capable of either setting or automatically recognizing a present move speed of the mobile terminal, and may be realized by such a server apparatus which is equipped with a function capable of instructing both a position detecting time duration and positioning accuracy with respect to the mobile terminal.

A terminal, according to an embodiment of the present invention, is provided with a reception unit

25 for receiving signals which are transmitted from a plurality of signal generating sources; and a positioning unit for performing a position detecting operation based upon propagation delay time of the

received signals, in which the positioning unit executes a position detecting operation by way of a positioning method in accordance with the variably set accuracy. The accuracy of the position detecting operation is determined in connection with a service provided by employing the terminal.

A position detecting function of the abovedescribed terminal may be realized by a semiconductor
device mounted on the terminal. The semiconductor

10 device is provided with a propagation delay measurement
unit and a position calculation unit. In the
semiconductor device, a position detecting operation is
carried out, while a total number of generating sources
for signals whose propagation delays are measured, a

15 time duration used to measure the signals, a
calculation method, and position calculation completion
criteria are changed based upon designated accuracy of
the position detecting operation.

A service provider's server apparatus,

20 according to another embodiment of the present
invention, is comprised of a table which describes a
correspondence relationship between plural sorts of
services and accuracy of position detecting operations,
and the service provider's server apparatus instructs a

25 terminal to perform the position detecting operation in
accuracy corresponding to a requested service. Then,
this service provider's server apparatus provides a
service based upon a received detection result.

Alternatively, the service provider's server apparatus may instruct the accuracy of the position detecting operation to the terminal, while employing a total number of signal generating sources, a measurement time duration of signals, a total sampling number used for averaging operation, position calculation completion criteria, and so on.

The technical scope/spirit of the present invention may cover such a method of providing a

10 service by utilizing a terminal position. That is to say, while a position detecting operation executed in accuracy in accordance with a sort of service is instructed, the service is provided based upon the result of this position detecting operation.

Other objects, features and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following description of the embodiments of the invention taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

For a better understanding of the present invention, reference is made of a detailed description is conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Fig. 1 is a schematic diagram for

25 illustratively showing a position detecting system,

according to one embodiment of the present invention,

for detecting a position of a mobile terminal by

employing signals transmitted from wireless base
stations;

Fig. 2 is a diagram for schematically representing a process flow operation of messages until a service is provided in the position detecting system of Fig. 1;

Fig. 3 is a schematic diagram for indicating an arrangement of a mobile terminal employed in the position detecting system of Fig. 1;

Fig. 4 is a schematic diagram for showing an arrangement of a positioning unit employed in the position detecting system of Fig. 1;

Fig. 5 illustratively shows a content of a table which describes a correspondence relationship

15 between positioning accuracy and the position detecting method of the present invention;

Fig. 6 illustratively shows an arrangement of a service provider's server according to an embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 7 illustratively represents an arrangement of a position calculating server according to an embodiment of the present invention; and

Fig. 8 is a diagram for schematically representing a process flow operation of messages until a service is provided in the case that the position calculating server of Fig. 7 is used.

DESCRIPTION OF THE EMBODIMENTS

Fig. 1 illustratively shows an arrangement of a position detecting system as one embodiment mode of the present invention, while this position detecting system detects a position of a mobile terminal by employing signals transmitted from wireless base stations.

The position detecting system, according to this embodiment of the present invention, is 10 constituted by a mobile terminal 1 having a position detecting function, and a plurality of wireless base stations "4-1" to "4-n", which are connected to a network 3. Also, a server 2 of a service provider is connected to this network 3. The mobile terminal 1 may detect a position of the own mobile terminal 1 based 15 upon propagation delay (propagation delay time) of signals transmitted from the plural wireless base stations 4-1 to 4-n. The service provider's server 2 receives positional information of the mobile terminal 20 1, and provides such a service in correspondence with this received positional information.

Fig. 2 illustratively indicates an example of a process flow operation of messages until a service is provided in the position detecting system according to this embodiment of the present invention. In the present invention, the mobile terminal 1 sends a request 60 of receiving a service to the service provider's server 2. The service provider's server 2

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sets positioning accuracy based upon a content of the requested service, and then, transmits a request 61 for positioning operation with respect to the mobile terminal 1. The mobile terminal 1 produces positional information 62 based upon a result of the positioning operation, and then, sends the produced positional information 62 to the service provider's server 2. The service provider's server 2 produces service information 63 based upon the received positional 10 information 62, and then, transmits this produced service information 63 to the mobile terminal 1.

It should be noted that in this case, the service provider's server 2 may provide this service information 63 via the network 3 as such information required for another service.

Fig. 3 schematically shows an example of an arrangement of the mobile terminal 1 employed in the above-described position detecting system, according to one embodiment of the present invention. The mobile 20 terminal 1 is constituted by a positioning unit 11, a communication unit 12, and an application program, which are connected to a control unit 10. It should also be noted that while the mobile terminal 1 is equipped with a display screen and various sorts of input buttons, since these structural elements are not directly related to the present invention, these structural elements are omitted.

In the mobile terminal 1, an externally-

supplied input and a service-receiving request (namely, request for receiving service) issued from the application program 13 are recognized by the control unit 10. The control unit 10 sends the service-

- 5 receiving request 60 via the communication unit 12 to the service provider's server 2 in response to the content of the service-receiving request. The mobile terminal 1 receives via the communication unit 12, a request 61 for executing a positioning operation which
- is sent as the response of this service-receiving request 60. Then, the mobile terminal 1 transmits this positioning-operation request 61 to the control unit 10. The control unit 10 sets positioning accuracy 14 with respect to the positioning unit 11 in response to
- the content of the received positioning-operation request 61. The positioning unit 11 changes the positioning method based upon the set positioning accuracy 14, and then, performs a positioning operation in accordance with the changed positioning method.
- Both the positioning accuracy 14 and the position detecting method corresponding thereto will be described later. After the position detecting operation has been accomplished, the control unit 10 receives a result 15 of this positioning operation, and
- then, sends the positional information 62 of the mobile terminal 1 via the communication unit 12 to the service provider's server 2. The mobile terminal 1 receives the service information 63 which is transmitted from

the service provider's server 2, and provides a service to a user via either the display screen or the application program 13 built in this mobile terminal 1.

Also, the below-mentioned position detecting 5 system may be covered by the technical scope/spirit of the present invention. That is, at a time instant when a portable terminal receives the above-described positioning-operation request 61, a check is made as to whether or not a necessity of such a positioning 10 operation is present. In the case that this necessity is not recognized, while the positioning operation is not carried out, a specific coordinate value is provided as the positioning result 15 to a service provider's server. For example, in such a case that 15 the portable terminal receives the positioningoperation request 61 within 30 seconds after the preceding positioning operation has been carried out, while the positioning operation is not again carried out, the positioning result obtained in this preceding 20 positioning operation is transmitted to the service provider's server, so that both the reduction of the response time and lowering of the terminal load may be realized. It should also be noted that criteria used to judge as to whether or not the positioning operation 25 is again performed may be employed at any time instants other than the above-explained time instant after the preceding positioning operation has been performed, and/or may be made different from each other, depending

upon requested services.

Fig. 4 schematically shows an example of an arrangement of the positioning unit 11. This positioning unit 11 is constituted by a propagation

5 delay measurement unit 110, a terminal position calculation unit 111, and a base station information database 112. While this positioning unit 11 is employed, one example of a position detecting method for specifying a position, or a location of the mobile terminal 1 based on electromagnetic waves transmitted from wireless base stations will now be explained as follows:

That is, the mobile terminal 1 receives a signal transmitted from a wireless base station 4-1 15 which is located in the vicinity of this mobile terminal 1, and acquires an ID (identification) specific to this wireless base station 4-1 based upon this received signal. Next, while the mobile terminal 1 uses the acquired ID of the wireless base station 4-1 20 as a key, this mobile terminal 1 acquires base station information with respect to peripheral wireless base stations "4-1" through "4-n" based on the base station information database 112 built in the own mobile terminal 1. The base station contains transmission timing of signals and coordinate information of the relevant wireless base stations. The mobile terminal 1 measures reception timing of signals transmitted from a plurality of peripheral wireless base stations 4-1 to

4-n based upon the above-described base station information by employing the propagation delay measurement unit 110. The mobile terminal 1 acquires propagation delay (propagation delay time) of the signals from the respective wireless base stations based upon differences between both this measurement result of the reception timing and the above-described transmission timing obtained from the base station information so as to calculate distances between this mobile terminal 1 and the respective wireless base stations 4-1 to 4-n. While the distances between this mobile station 1 and the respective wireless base stations 4-1 to 4-n are used as radiuses, circles are drawn around coordinate values of the respective wireless base stations as centers. These coordinate values are obtained from the base station information database 112. Thus, the position of the portable terminal 1 may be predicted based upon cross points of these circles.

20 It should also be noted that in the aboveexplained example, the base station information is
acquired from the base station information database 112
built in the mobile terminal 1. Alternatively, while
this base station information database 112 is installed
25 on the network 3, the base station information as to
the peripheral wireless base stations may be acquired
via the network 3. Also, the above-described base
station information database 112 may be installed in

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the service provider's server 2. Further, while the wireless base station 4-1 broadcasts the base station information of the peripheral wireless base stations "4-2" through "4-n" by employing a specific channel, 5 this wireless base station 4-1 may notify this base station information to the mobile terminal 1.

Also, in such a case that all of the wireless base stations 4-1 to 4-n transmit the signals in synchronism with each other, the position of the mobile 10 terminal 1 may be detected by employing a method operable in such a way that a distance difference between each of the wireless base stations and the mobile terminal 1 based upon differences contained in propagation delay of signals transmitted from the 15 respective wireless base stations. In this alternative case, the position of the mobile terminal 1 may be detected based upon a cross point of a hyperbola which indicates a locus of a coordinate where a distance difference between two wireless base stations becomes constant.

It should also be noted that when the positioning unit 11 is constituted by employing semiconductor components, both the propagation delay measurement unit 110 and the terminal position calculation unit 111 may be arranged by using the same components, or the components different from each other.

Fig. 5 indicates an example of a table which

describes thereinto a correspondence relationship
between positioning accuracy and the position detecting
methods. The positioning unit 11 changes a total
number 141 of wireless base stations for receiving

5 signals, a monitoring time duration 142 of a signal, a
total sampling number 143 used for averaging operation,
and criteria 144 for judging a completion of a position
calculation in response to the positioning accuracy 14.
In this table, the total number 141 of the wireless

10 base stations for receiving the signals implies a total
number of wireless base stations for transmitting
signals, the propagation delay management unit 110 of the

the propagation delay measurement unit 110 of the mobile terminal 1, and the signal monitoring time

15 duration 142 implies lengths of time used to receive these signals. Also, the total sampling number 143 used for the averaging operation corresponds to a total number of predicted locations in such a case that a plurality of predicted positions are calculated from a plurality of received signals, and these plural predicted positions are averaged.

In the case that the larger the total number 141 of the wireless base stations for receiving the signals is increased, the longer the signal monitoring time duration 142 is increased, and the larger the total sampling number 143 for the averaging operation is increased, such information used to detect the position of the mobile terminal 1 is increased. As a

decreased.

result, the positioning accuracy 14 may be increased. Also, since the positioning unit 11 performs the calculation operation until the criteria 144 for judging the completion of the position calculation can be satisfied, the higher this position calculation completion criteria 144 become, the higher the positioning accuracy 14 is increased. As this position calculation completion criteria 144, for instance, there is a summation of such errors between distances 10 up to the respective wireless base stations with respect to a predictable position of the mobile terminal 1, and signal propagation distances which are calculated based upon the propagation delay of the signals transmitted from the respective wireless base If a summation of the distance errors up to 15 the respective wireless base stations is high than, or equal to the judgment criteria, changing of the predicted position of the mobile terminal 1 is repeatedly carried out so as to search such a position where a summation of distance errors may be furthermore

Conversely, in the case that the total number 141 of the wireless base stations, the signal monitoring time duration 142, and the total sampling number 143 used for the averaging operation are 25 decreased, or the position calculation completion criteria 144 are made low, the position detection time duration may be shortened, instead of the positioning

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accuracy. As a result, the load given to the mobile terminal 1 can be decreased and the power consumption thereof when the position of this mobile terminal 1 is detected can be suppressed.

Furthermore, the below-mentioned position detecting method such as a weather forecast may also be covered by the technical scope/spirit of the present invention. That is, in accordance with this position detecting method, even in such a case that positioning 10 errors of several Km are contained in a positioning operation result, when there is no specific difference in contents of provided information, a position of a base station to which a portable terminal is connected is set as a position (location) of this portable terminal. As a result of this position detecting method, the positioning operation executed in the portable terminal may be omitted, and the load given to the portable terminal and the power consumption thereof can be reduced.

20 Alternately, this table may be installed in the mobile terminal 1. Also, while this table may be installed in the service provider's server 2, only a portion of the total number 141 of the wireless base stations for receiving the signals, a portion of the 25 signal monitoring time 142, a portion of the total sampling number 143 used for the averaging operation, and a portion of the position calculation completion criteria 144 may be notified from this service

provider's server 2 to the mobile terminal 1 as such information indicative of required accuracy.

Fig. 6 schematically indicates one example of an arrangement of a service provider's server according to one embodiment of the present invention. The service provider's server 2 is constructed of a communication unit 20, a service information generation unit 21, and a service information database 22.

Upon receipt of the service-receiving request 10 60 sent from the mobile terminal 1, the service provider's server 2 acquires the positioning accuracy 14 from the service information database 22, while this positioning accuracy 14 is required so as to provide such a service 220 which is designated within a service 15 request message. Next, this service provider's server 2 notifies to the mobile terminal 1, the positioning request 61 in conjunction with an instruction of setting this positioning accuracy 14. In response to this notification, since the positional information 62 20 which is measured in accordance with the designated positioning accuracy 14 is transmitted, the service provider's server 2 receives this positional information 61 via the communication unit 20. upon this received positional information 62, the 25 service provider's server 2 acquires service data 221 required to provide a service from the service information database 22 so as to generate service information 63, and then, transmits this generated

service information 63 to the mobile terminal 1.

Next, a description will now be made of such an actual service providing operation of both operations of a mobile terminal and operations of a 5 service provider's server in the case that peripheral area information in correspondence with a position of the mobile terminal is provided.

First, an owner of the mobile terminal

designates an item of a bus stop, a movie theater, or 10 the like by manipulating a button provided on the mobile terminal so as to request to acquire peripheral area information. Then, the mobile terminal transmits this peripheral area information acquiring request to a service provider's server employed by an application 15 service provider which may provide the peripheral area information. The service provider's server sets positioning accuracy in correspondence with the content of the requested peripheral area information. instance, in the case that the requested item 20 corresponds to the peripheral area information related to the bus stop, it is so assumed that the service provider's server may provide such information related to bus stops which are located within a range of 500 meters around the own mobile terminal. In the case that the information as to such a narrow area of the 500-meter range is provided, for instance, when a detection error of 100 meters happens to occur, the content of the information which is provided to the

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server.

owner of the mobile terminal is changed. As explained above, in order not provide such erroneous information caused by the detection error, the service provider's server instructs the mobile terminal to detect the position in high accuracy. On the other hand, in the case that the requested item corresponds to the peripheral area information related to the movie theater, it is so assumed that the service provider's server may provide such information as to movie 10 theaters which are located within a circle having a radius of 10 Km, while the mobile terminal is located as a center of this circle. In this case, since the area used to retrieve the information is wide, even when such a detection error of, for example, 100 meters 15 happens to occur, there is a small adverse influence given to the information which is provided to the owner of the mobile terminal. As a consequence, while such a position detection operation that a load given to the mobile terminal is light is carried out by suppressing the positioning accuracy, the power consumption of this mobile terminal may be reduced. It should be understood that the information as to these service contents and the positioning accuracy corresponding to these service contents is stored in the service information database employed in the service provider's

Also, similar to a man navigation system, in the case that this man navigation system is directed to . .

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a display of positional information of a mobile terminal and also to a display of a travel path, a position detecting method is changed in response to a condition of the mobile terminal, so that utility of a 5 user who uses positional information of the mobile terminal can be improved. For instance, in such a case that a mobile terminal is traveled in a high speed, since a position detection time duration per one time is shortened, a tracking characteristic with respect to this traveling operation may be improved, so that a present position of the mobile terminal may be displayed in real time. In this case, in such a case that an owner of the mobile terminal takes an automobile, or a train to be traveled in a high speed, the owner sets the position detecting method to a highspeed travel mode by manipulating buttons provided on this mobile terminal. In this high-speed travel mode, the mobile terminal employs such a terminal position detecting method that although the positioning accuracy is low, the position detection time duration per one time is shortened. Then, this mobile terminal repeatedly performs the position detecting operation in a short time period. As a result, since such a positional information corresponding to the travel of this mobile terminal in real time may be acquired, both a proper navigation service and a terminal position tracking service may be provided. Alternatively, while

a speed detector such as a gyroscope is connected to a

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mobile terminal so as to automatically detect a travel speed of this mobile terminal, an application program installed in this mobile terminal may change a position detecting method in response to this detected travel speed.

Such a method that positioning accuracy is changed in response to a reduced scale of a map which indicates a positioning result corresponds to one of the embodiments according to the present invention. 10 a concrete example of changing positioning accuracy in accordance with a reduced scale of a map, such a navigation system with employment of a portable terminal is conceivable. In the case that a road trail up to a destination place is confirmed by using a map, at a place located far from this destination place, such a map reduced in a small scale is required by which a user of the portable terminal can recognize a positional relationship defined from a present position up to the destination place. Conversely, at a place located close to the destination place, such a map reduced in a large scale is made effective. In this map, a relationship among peripheral buildings, geographic features, and the destination place is described in detail. As a consequence, in such a navigation system with employment of a portable terminal, since a reduced scale of a map to be displayed is automatically changed in response to a distance up to the destination place, utility of a user

of this portable terminal can be improved. At this time, since the position measuring system of the present invention is employed, the positioning accuracy can be changed in response to a reduced scale of a map to be displayed. Concretely speaking, in such a case that a map reduced in a large scale is employed, the positioning operation is carried out in low positioning accuracy. In this case that a map reduced in a small scale is employed, the positioning operation is carried out in high positioning accuracy. As a result, while no such a large difference is indicated on the positioning results displayed in the map, the load given to the portable terminal can be reduced and also the power consumption thereof can be decreased.

In the above-described embodiment, the position detecting function is provided with the mobile terminal 1. Alternatively, in order to simplify the structure of the mobile terminal 1, while such a location server containing both the terminal position calculation unit 111 and the base station information database 112, which are provided in the positioning unit 11, may be provided on the network 3, the location calculation of the mobile terminal may be carried out by this location server.

Fig. 7 schematically shows an example of a structure of a location server 5. This location server 5 is constituted by a communication unit 50, a terminal position calculation unit 111, and a base station

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information database 112, while both the terminal position calculation unit 111 and the base station information database 112 are operable in a similar manner to the operations of these corresponding structural elements employed in the positioning unit 11 of the mobile terminal 1.

Fig. 8 schematically indicates a process flow operation of messages until a service is provided in the case that the location server 5 is used. A mobile 10 terminal which does not contain the terminal position calculation unit 111 within the positioning unit 11 may measure propagation delay of signals transmitted from the respective wireless base stations 4 by employing the propagation delay measurement unit 110. mobile terminal 6 transmits a position-calculating request 64 made based on these measured propagation delay to the location server 5. The location server 5 calculates a location of the mobile terminal 6 in a similar manner to the above-described terminal position calculation manner based upon both coordinate values of the respective wireless base stations 4, which are acquired from the base station database 112 built in this location server 5, and also the propagation delay of the signals transmitted from the respective wireless base stations 4, which are acquired in response to the position calculation request 64. Then, the calculated position calculation response 65 is sent to the mobile terminal 6, and this mobile terminal 6 generates the

positional information 62 based upon this position calculation response 65 so as to send this positional information 62 to the service provider's server 2. At this time, alternatively, the location server 5 may directly transmit the positional information 62 to the service provider's server 2. Furthermore, the terminal position calculation function owned by the location server 5 may be provided within the service provider's server 2.

As previously explained, in such a case that 10 the location calculating operation is carried out by the location server 5, while a table which describes a correspondence relationship between positioning accuracy and a position detecting method is provided in 15 either the service provider's server or the mobile terminal, such an information related to the position detecting method may be notified to the location server Also, a similar table may be provided in the location server. In this alternative case, positioning 20 accuracy is notified to the location server, and then, this location server may determine such a position detecting method corresponding to this notified positioning accuracy.

Also, the above-described embodiment is

25 directed to such a system capable of detecting the
position of the mobile terminal by employing the
signals transmitted from the wireless base stations 4.

Alternatively, such a position detecting system as the

GPS system may be used which detects a position of a mobile terminal by receiving signals transmitted from satellites. In this alternative case, the total number 141 of the wireless base stations for receiving the signals among the various sorts of parameters used to change the positioning accuracy corresponds to a total number of satellites for receiving GPS signals.

In accordance with other aspects of the present invention, the below-mentioned apparatus may be covered by the technical scope/spirit of the present invention.

In a location server apparatus comprised of: a reception unit for receiving information as to propagation delay time of signals which are transmitted from a plurality of signal generating sources and are received by a mobile terminal; a transmission unit; and a position calculation unit for calculating a position of the mobile terminal based upon information with respect to the received propagation delay time,

this location server apparatus performs the location calculation in variable accuracy in response to information related to accuracy of the notified location calculation.

In a location server apparatus comprised of:

25 a reception unit for receiving information as to

propagation delay time of signals which are transmitted

from a plurality of signal generating sources and are

received by a mobile terminal; a transmission unit; and

a position calculation unit for calculating a position of the mobile terminal based upon information with respect to the received propagation delay time,

this location server apparatus performs the location calculation in variable accuracy in response to information related to accuracy of the notified location calculation;

the information related to the notified accuracy contains criteria of judging a completion of a position calculation; and

judges as to whether or not the location calculation is continuously carried out based upon such a fact as to whether or not the criteria for judging the completion of the position calculation is satisfied.

In a location server apparatus comprised of:

a reception unit for receiving information as to

propagation delay time of signals which are transmitted

from a plurality of signal generating sources and are

received by a mobile terminal; a transmission unit; and

a position calculation unit for calculating a position

of the mobile terminal based upon information with

respect to the received propagation delay time,

this location server apparatus performs the
location calculation in variable accuracy in response
to information related to accuracy of the notified
location calculation;

the location server apparatus contains a

table which describes a correspondence relationship between accuracy and positioning methods; and

the position calculation unit performs the position calculation in accordance with a positioning method corresponding to the information related to the notified accuracy.

In a semiconductor device mounted on a mobile terminal for performing a position detecting operation by employing signals which are received from a plurality of signal generating sources,

the semiconductor device includes a propagation delay measurement unit for measuring a propagation delay amount of a received signal; and

either a total number of the signal

15 generating sources for generating the signals whose propagation delay is measured or a time length of receiving the signals is set in response to accuracy of a designated position detection.

In the above-described position detecting

20 system for measuring the position of the mobile
terminal, according to the embodiment of the present
invention, the position detecting method can be changed
in response to the required positioning accuracy by
considering utility of the positional information. For

25 example, in the case that the detection error may give
only small adverse influences to the content of the
service information such as a weather forecast, such a
position detecting method capable of executing the

positioning operation within the short time duration.

Although the positioning accuracy becomes coarse, or low due to this position detecting method, this position detecting system can realize such a function capable of reducing the load give to the mobile terminal and also capable of suppressing the power consumption of this mobile terminal.

Also, since the time duration required to detect the position of the mobile terminal is changed

10 within such a range that the quality of information to be provided is not varied, the waiting time of the information request person can be shortened.

Also, since the position detecting time duration is changed in response to the travel speed of the owner of the mobile terminal, the real time characteristic of the positional information of this mobile terminal can be improved.

It should be further understood by those skilled in the art that the foregoing description has been made on embodiments of the invention and that various changes and modifications may be made in the invention without departing from the spirit of the invention and the scope of the appended claims.